Best Management Practices

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION



Cypress minnow

Hybognathus hayi

Common name • Cypress minnow Scientific name • Hybognathus hayi State status • Endangered

Ecology

Cypress minnows were historically located throughout much of the Ohio River drainage and the Mississippi River basin from the Illinois-Missouri border south to the Gulf of Mexico. In Missouri, they are now limited to locations in the southeastern corner of the state. Cypress minnows occur in backwaters of large, sluggish rivers and their associated oxbow lakes. They are found in still waters over substrates of sand, silt and organic debris. Their diet consists of detritus, algae and other aquatic plants. Spawning likely occurs in the spring. Adult cypress minnows reach a length of 2.2-3.0 inches.

Reason for Decline

The cypress minnow is rare or has drastically declined in abundance throughout most of its northern range. Cypress minnows probably never were common or widespread in Missouri. However, conversion of wetlands to agricultural fields and urban areas in its current range has decreased the habitat of this fish.

Specific Recommendations

Cypress minnows are very specific in their habitat requirements, which explains their limited range in Missouri. Because of this, alterations to existing habitat could eliminate this species from part of its natural, historical range.

- → Projects should not occur below the high-water level between April 1 and May 15 to allow adequate time for reproduction.
- → Limit clearing of vegetation, including both standing and downed timber, to that which is absolutely necessary for construction purposes.
- → Riparian areas located down slope of construction zones should be physically screened with sediment controls, such as silt fences or filter strips. Sediment controls should be monitored and maintained for the duration of the project.

- → Avoid stream crossings. If unavoidable, temporary crossings should be employed. Temporary crossings should not restrict or interrupt natural stream flow. If temporary inchannel fill is necessary, culverts of sufficient size should be employed to avoid water impoundment and allow for fish passage.
- → Dams and other impoundment structures should be avoided in rivers within the range of this species.
- → Draining or reducing known wetland habitat should be avoided within the range of the cypress minnows

General Recommendations

Refer to Management Recommendations for Construction Projects Affecting Missouri Streams and Rivers and Management Recommendations for Construction Projects Affecting Missouri Wetlands.

Information Contacts

For further information regarding regulations for development in rivers, streams and wetlands, contact:

Missouri Department of Conservation Policy Coordination Section P.O. Box 180 2901 W. Truman Blvd Jefferson City, MO 65102-0180 Telephone:573/751-4115

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Division of Environmental Quality P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176 Telephone:573/526-3315

> U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory Branch 700 Federal Building Kansas City, MO 64106-2896 Telephone:816/983-3990

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Water, Wetlands, and Pesticides Division 901 North 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101 Telephone:913/551-7307

> U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Ecological Services Field Office 608 E. Cherry Street, Room 200 Columbia,MO 65201 Telephone:573/876-1911

Disclaimer

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